MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. No warranty of merchantability for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions.

In case of emergency: Phone 000, Police or Fire Brigade.

POISON KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



BUFFALO*

BINDI & BROADLEAF WEEDKILLER

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS: 200 g/L BROMOXYNIL present as the n-octanoyl ester 200 g/L MCPA present as the ethyl hexyl ester SOLVENT: 343 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS

GROUP

Booklet 160mm x 120mm

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HERBICIDE

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in wheat, oats, barley, cereal rye, triticale, linseed, grass pastures and turf as per the DIRECTIONS FOR USE table IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USE

> SPCT HOLDINGS PTY LTD

APVMA Approval No: 80024/10063 *SUREFIRE BUFFALO is a registered trademark of PCT INTERNATIONAL PTY LTD (PCT Holdings Pty Ltd ABN 11 099 023 962) 5/74 Murdoch Circuit, Acacia Ridge QLD 4110 • www.pctrural.com.au CUSTOMER SERVICE FREECALL 1800 630 877 EMERGENCY RESPONSE (ALL HOURS) FREECALL 1800 630 877

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Restraints

DO NOT apply if weeds are wilted by dry or cold weather or if crops are at a susceptible stage, or if rain is likely within 4 hours.

DO NOT apply if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply to diseased or frost affected crops or turf.

SITUATION &	WEEDS	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS.
CROP	CONTROLLED			/HA	
Wheat, Barley,	Amsinckia (Amsinckia	Plants up to	WA only	750	CROP STAGE:
Cereal Rye,	spp.), Capeweed	the 6 leaf		mL	
Oats and	(Arctotheca calendula),	stage but not			Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and
Triticale,	Chamomile (Matricaria	more than 50	Qld, NSW,	1.4 L	Triticale:
Linseed, Grass	matricarioides),	mm in diameter	ACT, Vic,		3 leaf to fully tillered stage (Zadok Scale Z13-
Pastures	Charlock (Sinapis arvensis), Corn	diameter	Tas, SA, NT only		30) for rates of 750mL to 1.4L/ha:
	Gromwell (Ironweed,	Plants up to	NT ONLY	2.0 L	doy for facto of roome to 1.4erila,
	Sheepweed)	the 8 leaf		2.0 2	5 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z15-30) for rate of
	(Buglossoides	stage but not	WA only	1.4 L	2.0 L/ha (NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only);
	arvensis), Fat Hen	more than 75			or early tillering to fully tillered stage (Z21-30)
	(Chenopodium album),	mm in			(Qld only).
	Field Madder (Sherardia arvensis), Hexham	diameter			Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high. DO NOT apply
	Scent (King Island				to linseed by aircraft.
	Melilot) (Melilotus				
	indica), Horned Poppy				*If spraying Black Bindweed when wheat,
	(Glaucium flavum),				barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale or linseed is
	Indian Hedge Mustard				more than 300mm high, increase spray volume to 200 L/ha.
	(Sisymbrium orientale), Lesser Swinecress				volume to 200 L/na.
	(Coronopus didymus),				For optimal control, apply only when the
	Mexican Poppy				weeds are actively growing. In the early
	(Argemone ochroleuca),				stages following spraying, temporary wilting of
	Mintweed (Salvia				crop and pasture may occur. Crop scorch may
	reflexa), Paterson's				occur, particularly on oats if treatment is delayed to later stages of growth. Refer to the
	Curse (Salvation Jane) (Echium plantagineum),				General Instructions.
	Rough Poppy (Papaver				
	hybridum), Saffron				Avoid application when maximum daily
	Thistle (Carthamus				temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely
	lanatus), Shepherd's				to occur for a few days after application. DO
	Purse (Capsella bursa-				NOT apply to crops or pastures undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some
	pastoris), Slender Thistles (Carduus				damage is acceptable.
	tenuiflorus.				damage is deceptable.
	C.pycnocephalus), Tree				
	Hogweed (Polygonum				
	patulum), Turnip Weed				
	(Giant Mustard)				
	(Rapistrum rugosum),				
	Wild Radish (Raphanus raphanistrum), Wild				
	Turnip (Brassica				
	tournefortii).				
	,				
	Black Bindweed*	Plants up to		1.0 L	
	(Climbing Buckwheat)	the 4 leaf			
	(Fallopia convolvulus),	stage but not			
	Common Peppercress (Lepidium africanum).	more than 35 mm in			
	(Lepiolum amcanum), Mustards (Sisymbrium	diameter			

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit frees and ornamentals. DO NOT apply be misting machines. Note: Maximum daily temperatures at or above 20℃ at application, or on days following treatment, may result in seedling mortality and established plants may be damaged.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Dangerous to bees. DO NOT spray plants in flower when bees are foraging. Spray in the night or early morning when bees are not actively foraging.

Grazing Precaution

Sprayed weeds may become more palatable to stock and a higher intake of some weeds may result in stock poisoning and death from causes such as nitrate poisoning. Care should be taken especially where capeweed, Paterson's curse and variegated thistles predominate in the pasture. Avoid grazing with young or breeding stock. DO NOT graze horses or pigs on Paterson's curse. If in doubt, contact your nearest Department of Agriculture.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Non-refillable containers: Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers and product.

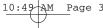
Refillable containers: Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use than the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs PCT Holdings Pty Ltd should be advised immediately. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return the container to the point of purchase for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. Attacks the eyes and will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. OD NOT inhales porar winst . When preparing the spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat and ellowlength PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, dirinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothina.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (telephone 13 11 26), If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If in eyes, wash out immediately with water.



GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary and Protection Statements, Storage and Disposal, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.

MIXING

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly then add the remainder of the water. Agitate again before spraying commences.

APPLICATION

DO NOT use rain-drop or air-induction nozzles as coverage of weeds may not be adequate.

Boom Sprayer

Calibrate the machine before use to ensure that the correct application rate is obtained. Check height of boom above the crop to ensure that the spray is evenly distributed.

Cereals: Apply 50-200 L of water per hectare. Use higher water volume (min. 100L/ha) where the weed infestation is heavy, the crop cover is dense or when tank-mixing with diclofop methyl. Complete coverage of weeds is essential.

Complete coverage of weeds is essential.

Linseed: Apply a minimum of 220 L of water per hectare.

Turf: Apply a minimum of 500 L of water per hectare.

Aircraft (NSW, Vic, SA only)

Apply in a minimum of 22 L water per hectare or 30 L if tank mixing with diclofop methyl. Markers should always move upwind before aircraft passes overhead. Application by micronaire equipment may give variable results.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE

After use wash application equipment thoroughly with Spraymate Tank and Equipment Cleaner and rinse several times.

COMPATIBILITY

This product is physically compatible in the spray tank with one of the following herbicides or insecticides in wheat and barley only:

Metsulfuron methyl (600g/L), diclofop-methyl (500g/L), dicamba (500g/L), MCPA, dimethoate, omethoate, endosulfan or chlorpyrifos.

When mixed with metsulfuron methyl or dicamba, DO NOT apply to cereals undersown with lucerne. When mixed with diclofop methyl, DO NOT exceed 1.4L of this product per hectare. Observe all instructions on the mixture partner label. As formulations of other manufacturer's products are beyond the control of PCT Holdings Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantifies.

Resistant Weeds Warning

GROUP CI HERBICIDE

Surefire Buffalo. Bindi & Broadieaf Weeckiller is a member of both the nitriles and the phenoxys groups of herbicides. Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weeckiller has both the inhibitors of photosynthesis at photosystem II and disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weeckiller is both a Group C and a Group I herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weeckiller and other Group C and I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weeckiller or other Group C or Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use PCT Holdings Py Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weeckiller to control resistant weeds.

spp.), Purple Plants up to All States 1.4 L Calandrinia (Calandrinia the 6 leaf menziesii), stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter Plants up to the 8 leaf stages but not more than 75 mm in diameter

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SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE /HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS.	
Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale, Linseed,	Fumitory (Fumaria spp.), (Threecomered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (Ernex australis)	Plants up to the 3 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	1.4L	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to fully tillered stage (Zadok Scale Z13-30) for rates of 750mL to 1.4L/ha;	
Grass Pastures (continued)		Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 60 mm in diameter	WA only	750 mL	5 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z15-30) for rate of 2.0 L/ha (NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only); or early tillering to fully tillered stage (Z21-30) (Qld only).	
		Plants up to the 5 leaf stage but not more than 75 mm in diameter			Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high. DO NOT apply to linseed by aircraft. For optimal control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing. In the early stages following spraying,	
		Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 85 mm in diameter	WA only	1.4 L	temporary wilting of crop and pasture may occur.	
	Variegated Thistle (Silybum marianum), Wireweed (Hogweed)** (Polygonum aviculare)	Diameter Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 35 mm in diameter Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, NT	750 mL 1.4 L 2.0 L	Crop scorch may occur, particularly on oats if treatment is delayed to late stages of growth. Refer to the General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur or are likely to occur for a few days after application, DO NOT apply to	
	Mountain Sorrel	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage	only WA only	1.4 L 750	crops or pastures undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable.	
	(Oxalis acetosella), Three-horned Bedstraw (Galium tricomutum)	Plants up to the 8 leaf stage		mL 1.4 L	** Where Wireweed (Hogweed) occurs in red soils of low fertility, it has been found to be less	
	Cleavers (Galium aparine)	2-4 stem stage and 1-3 whorls of leaves per stem		750 mL	susceptible. In these circumstances use 2.0 L/ha.	
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Cereal Rye, Triticale	Common Sowthistle (Sonchus oleraceus)	Apply under good growing conditions. Avoid syraying when soil is dry. DO NOT syray under frostly conditions. In early stages following spraying, temporary willing of crop may occur. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C or are likely to occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable.				
		Up to 4 leaves	Norther n NSW and Qld only	1.4 L	Crop Stages: Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillering (213- 230). Use as early as possible to avoid shading of weeds by the crop, Strictly for use on small weeds early in crop before shading out. If Group Bresistance is suspected, or weeds have grown through a previous application of chorsulfuron apply 2.1L/ha. Use a minimum spray volume of 70L/ha.	
		4 to 8 leaves	1	2.1 L	Crop Stages: Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillering (Z13- Z30). Use as early as possible to avoid shading of weeds by the crop.	

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE/HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS.
Turf: Established Couch (including Queensland Blue), Kikuyu, Paspalum, Buffalo, Fescue, Bent and Rye Lawns	Bindy-eye, Jo-Jo (Onehunga), Cudweed, Dandielon, Catsear, Plantains, Thistles, Oxalis, Capeweed, Creening Buttercup, Fleabane, Clover (not Tas.)	-	All States	300 mL/100 L water or 60 mL/100 m ²	Apply evenly over the area to be treated. Do Nor mor turf for 2 days after treatment.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

DO NOT HARVEST, GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION